

# Package ‘epiNEM’

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**Type** Package

**Title** epiNEM

**Version** 1.12.0

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**Description** epiNEM is an extension of the original Nested Effects Models (NEM). EpiNEM is able to take into account double knockouts and infer more complex network signalling pathways.

**Depends** R (>= 3.4)

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**biocViews** Pathways, SystemsBiology, NetworkInference, Network

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**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Suggests** knitr, RUnit, BiocGenerics, STRINGdb, devtools, rmarkdown, GOSemSim, AnnotationHub, org.Sc.sgd.db

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AddLogicGates	<i>Add logic.</i>
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---

## Description

extend model with node representing logic gate

## Usage

```
AddLogicGates(child, logic, model)
```

## Arguments

child	define the child
logic	define the logical gate
model	normal model

## Value

model list with additional logic gate

## Examples

```
model <- CreateRandomGraph(c("Ikk1", "Ikk2", "RelA"))
model2 <- AddLogicGates("RelA", "OR", model)
```

---

`CreateExtendedAdjacency`*Create an extended adjacency matrix*

---

**Description**

extend adjacency matrices taking cycles and logics into account. For every given start state, the final state is computed yu using BoolNet.

**Usage**

```
CreateExtendedAdjacency(network, mutants, experiments)
```

**Arguments**

network	network created by BoolNet from file
mutants	vector of single knockouts
experiments	vector of all knockouts

**Value**

extended adjacency matrix

**Examples**

```
library(BoolNet)
data(cellcycle)
extModel <- CreateExtendedAdjacency(cellcycle,
c(cellcycle$genes, "CycD.Rb"), cellcycle$genes)
```

---

`CreateRandomGraph`*Create a random graph*

---

**Description**

Returns a model graph with randomly sampled edges. Every possible edge has a probability to exist in the graph.

**Usage**

```
CreateRandomGraph(pathwayGenes, edgeProb = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

pathwayGenes	vector of genes in the pathway
edgeProb	probability of random edge

**Value**

adjacency matrix

**Examples**

```
graph <- CreateRandomGraph(c("Ikk1", "Ikk2", "RelA"))
```

---

CreateTopology            *Create Topology.*

---

**Description**

Create topology for a randomly generated pathway topology

**Usage**

```
CreateTopology(single, double, force = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

single	number of single knockouts
double	number of double knockouts
force	if true the random model will have a sophisticated logical gate

**Value**

adjacency matrix

**Examples**

```
model <- CreateTopology(3, 1)
```

---

epiAnno                    *Gate visualisation.*

---

**Description**

Plots logical gate data annotation. The 8 heatmaps visualize what perfect data would look like in respective to each logical gate. Perfect data is equivalent to Boolean truth tables.

**Usage**

```
epiAnno()
```

**Value**

plot of heatmaps showing the silencing scheme (=expected data, truth tables)

**Author(s)**

Martin Pirkl

## References

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Boolean\\_algebra](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Boolean_algebra)

## Examples

```
epiAnno()
```

---

epiNEM	<i>Epistatic NEMs - main function.</i>
--------	--

---

## Description

This function contains the inference algorithm to learn logical networks from knock-down data including double knock-downs.

## Usage

```
epiNEM(
  filename = "random",
  method = "greedy",
  nIterations = 10,
  nModels = 0,
  random = list(single = 4, double = 1, reporters = 100, FPrate = 0.1, FNrate = 0.1,
    replicates = 1),
  ltype = "marginal",
  para = c(0.13, 0.05),
  init = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

filename	A binary, tab-delimited matrix. Columns: single and double knockdowns. Rows: genes showing effect or not? Default: random; artificial data is generated to 'random' specifications
method	greedy or exhaustive search. Default: greedy
nIterations	number of iterations. Default: 10
nModels	number of Models. Default: 0
random	list specifying how the data should be generated: no. of single mutants, no. of double mutants, no. of reporterGenes, FP-rate, FN-rate, no. of replicates
ltype	likelihood either "marginal" or "maximum"
para	false positive and false negative rates
init	adjacency matrix to initialise the greedy search

## Value

List object with an adjacency matrix denoting the network, the model of the silencing scheme (rows are knock-downs, columns are signalling genes), a string with the inferred logical gates, a column indices denoting position of logical gates, the log transformed likelihood and the effect reporter distribution (rows are the signalling genes including the null node).

**Author(s)**

Madeline Diekmann

**See Also**

nem

**Examples**

```
data <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 100*4, replace = TRUE), 100, 4)
colnames(data) <- c("A", "A.B", "B", "C")
rownames(data) <- paste("E", 1:100, sep = "_")
res <- epiNEM(data, method = "exhaustive")
plot(res)
```

---

epiScreen

*Analyse large double knock-out screen.*

---

**Description**

This function is used to analyse knock-out screens with multiple double and single knock-outs combined in one data set.

**Usage**

```
epiScreen(data, ...)
```

**Arguments**

data	data matrix containing multiple single and double knock-downs in columns and effect reporters in the rows
...	additional parameters, e.g. for the main epiNEM function

**Value**

list object with vectors of double knock-downs, single knock-downs and two matrices with doubles in the columns and singles in the rows. The first matrix denotes the respective logical gate for the triple and the second matrix the log-likelihood

**Author(s)**

Martin Pirkl

**Examples**

```
data <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 100*9, replace = TRUE), 100, 9)
colnames(data) <- c("A.B", "A.C", "B.C", "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "G")
rownames(data) <- paste("E", 1:100, sep = "_")
res <- epiScreen(data)
```

---

ExtendTopology	<i>Extending topology of normal "nem"</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Extending topology of normal "nem"

**Usage**

```
ExtendTopology(topology, nReporters)
```

**Arguments**

topology	model of a topology from CreateTopology
nReporters	number of effects reporters

**Value**

extended topology in which reporters are linked to pathway genes

**Author(s)**

Madeline Diekmann

**See Also**

CreateTopology

**Examples**

```
topology <- CreateTopology(3, 1, force = TRUE)
topology <- unlist(unique(topology), recursive = FALSE)
extTopology <- ExtendTopology(topology$model, 100)
```

---

GenerateData	<i>Generate data from extended model.</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Given a model created from CreateTopology and ExtendTopology, this function creates a corresponding artificial data matrix, which is used as a ground truth for simulation studies.

**Usage**

```
GenerateData(model, extTopology, FPrate, FNrate, replicates)
```

**Arguments**

model	model of a topology from CreateTopology
extTopology	extended topology
FPrate	false positive rate
FNrate	false negative rate
replicates	number of replicates

**Value**

data matrix with effect reporters as rows and knock-downs (including double knock-downs) as columns.

**Author(s)**

Madeline Diekmann

**See Also**

CreateTopology

**Examples**

```
topology <-
CreateTopology(3, 1, force = TRUE)
topology <-
unlist(unique(topology), recursive = FALSE)
extTopology <-
ExtendTopology(topology$model, 100)
sortedData <-
GenerateData(topology$model, extTopology, 0.05, 0.13, 3)
```

---

HeatmapOP

*Heatmap.*


---

**Description**

Heatmap function based on the lattice package more information: ?xyplot

**Usage**

```
HeatmapOP(
  x,
  col = "RdYlGn",
  colNA = "grey",
  coln = 11,
  bordercol = "grey",
  borderwidth = 0.1,
  breaks = "sym",
  main = "",
  sub = "",
  dendrogram = "none",
```



```

colorkey = list(space = "right"),
Colv = TRUE,
Rowv = TRUE,
xrot = 90,
yrot = 0,
shrink = c(1, 1),
cexCol = 1,
cexRow = 1,
cexMain = 1,
cexSub = 1,
colSideColors = NULL,
aspect = "fill",
contour = FALSE,
useRaster = FALSE,
xlab = NULL,
ylab = NULL,
colSideColorsPos = "top",
clust = NULL,
clusterx = NULL,
...
)

```

### Arguments

x	Matrix.
col	Color. See <a href="#">brewer.pal.info</a> for all available color schemes.
colNA	color for NAs; default is grey
coln	Number of colors.
bordercol	Border color.
borderwidth	Border width.
breaks	Defines the breaks in the color range. "sym" makes the breaks symmetric around 0.
main	Main title.
sub	Subtitle.
dendrogram	Draw dendrogram with "both", "col" or "row", or do not draw with "none".
colorkey	Draw colorkey <code>list(space="left")</code> or <code>list(space="right")</code> .
Colv	Cluster columns (TRUE) or not (FALSE).
Rowv	Cluster rows (TRUE) or not (FALSE).
xrot	Rotate the column names by degree.
yrot	Rotate the row names by degree.
shrink	<code>c(x,y)</code> defines a range of size for the data boxes from low to high.
cexCol	Font size of column names.
cexRow	Font size of row names.
cexMain	Font size of main title.
cexSub	Font size of subtitle.
colSideColors	Defines a numeric vector to annotate columns with different colors.

aspect	"iso" for quadratic boxes or "fill" for stretched boxes.
contour	TRUE adds a contour plot.
useRaster	TRUE to add raster visuals
xlab	Label for the x-axis.
ylab	Label for the y-axis.
colSideColorsPos	Place colSideColors at the "top" or "bottom".
clust	p, s, or k for correlation clustering
clusterx	Optional data matrix y with the same dimensions as x. x is columns or rows are sorted by the cluster information of y.
...	Optional arguments.

**Value**

lattice object/matrix

**Author(s)**

Martin Pirkel & Oscar Perpinan at <http://oscarperpinan.github.io/rastervis/>

**Examples**

```
x <- matrix(rnorm(50), 10, 5)
HeatmapOP(x, dendrogram = "both", aspect = "iso", xrot = 45)
```

---

M11

*Evaluation of graphs*


---

**Description**

Computes marginal log-likelihood for model Phi given observed data matrix D1

**Usage**

```
M11(Phi, D1, D0, ltype = "marginal", para = c(0.13, 0.05))
```

**Arguments**

Phi	model to be evaluated
D1	observed data matrix
D0	complementary D1
ltype	likelihood type either "marginal" or "maximum"
para	false positive and false negative rates

**Value**

list with likelihood poster probability, egene positions

**Examples**

```
Phi <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 9, replace = TRUE), 3, 3)
data <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 3*10, replace = TRUE), 10, 3)
rownames(Phi) <- colnames(Phi) <- colnames(data) <- c("Ikk1", "Ikk2", "RelA")
score <- M11(Phi, D1 <- data, D0 <- 1 - data)
```

---

plot.epiNEM	<i>Plot pathway.</i>
-------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Plots the winning pathway structure

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'epiNEM'
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	object of class epiNEM
...	other arguments

**Value**

plot of the logical network

**Examples**

```
data <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 100*4, replace = TRUE), 100, 4)
colnames(data) <- c("A", "A.B", "B", "C")
rownames(data) <- paste("E", 1:100, sep = "_")
res <- epiNEM(data, method = "exhaustive")
plot(res)
```

---

plot.epiScreen	<i>Plot screen.</i>
----------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

Plots the results of a systematic knock-out screen

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'epiScreen'
plot(
  x,
  global = TRUE,
  ind = NULL,
  colorkey = TRUE,
  cexGene = 1,
  off = 0.05,
  cexLegend = 1,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

x	object of class epiScreen
global	plot global distribution or for each pair (FALSE)
ind	index of pairs to plot
colorkey	if TRUE prints colorkey
cexGene	size of modulator annotation
off	relative distance from the gene names to the respective likelihoods
cexLegend	font size of the legend
...	other arguments

**Value**

plot(s) of an epiNEM screen analysis

**Examples**

```
data <- matrix(sample(c(0,1), 100*9, replace = TRUE), 100, 9)
colnames(data) <- c("A.B", "A.C", "B.C", "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "G")
rownames(data) <- paste("E", 1:100, sep = "_")
res <- epiScreen(data)
plot(res)
plot(res, global = FALSE, ind = 1:3)
```

---

plot.epiSim

*Plot simulations.*

---

**Description**

Plots the simulation results

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'epiSim'
plot(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    object of class epiSim  
 ...                 other arguments

**Value**

plot(s) of an epiNEM simulation analysis

**Examples**

```
res <- SimEpiNEM(runs = 1)
plot(res)
```

---

sameith_GO	<i>graph-based GO similarity scores, string GO annotations for Sameith et al., 2015 data</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

The data consists of lists including epiNEM identified and general similarity scores and GO annotations for each triple. For details see the vignette.

**Examples**

```
data(sameith_GO)
```

---

sameith_string	<i>sig. of string interaction scores for Sameith et al., 2015 data</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

The data consists of a list including a vectors of pairs (for interactions) and a corresponding list of interaction scores derived from the string database. For details see the vignette.

**Examples**

```
data(sameith_string)
```

---

 samscreen

*Example data: epiNEM results for the Sameith et al., 2015 knock-out screen*


---

### Description

The result of the epiNEM analysis of the data from "[http://www.holstegelab.nl/publications/sv/signaling\\_redundancy/dov](http://www.holstegelab.nl/publications/sv/signaling_redundancy/dov)". The data consists of a list of matrices with the likelihoods (ll) for each analysed triple of signalling genes and the inferred logic (logic) for each triple. The signalling genes or modulators C are the rows and the signalling genes from the double knock-downs are in the columns. For details see the vignette.

### Examples

```
data(samscreen)
```

---

sim

*Example data: simulation results*


---

### Description

Contains simulation results. How they were acquired is explained in the vignette. The data consists of a list of data matrices holding sensitivity and specificity (spec, sens) of network edges for the various methods compared to the ground truth, sensitivity and specificity (sens2, spec2) of the expected data for epiNEM and Boolean NEMs and accuracy of the inferred logics for both. The different methods are in the rows and the columns denote the different independent simulation runs.

### Examples

```
data(sim)
```

---

SimEpiNEM

*Compare algorithms.*


---

### Description

Compares different network reconstruction algorithm on simulated data.

### Usage

```
SimEpiNEM(
  runs = 10,
  do = c("n", "e"),
  random = list(FPrate = 0.1, FNrate = c(0.1, 0.5), single = 3, double = 1, reporters =
    10, replicates = 2),
  maxTime = FALSE,
  forceLogic = TRUE,
  epiNEMsearch = "greedy",
  bNEMsearch = "genetic",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

runs	number simulation runs
do	string vector of algorithms to compare: e (epiNEM), n (Nested Effects Models), b (B-NEM), p (PC algorithm), a (Aracne), e.g. c("e", "n", "p")
random	list of false positive rate FPrate, false negative rates FNrate, number of single knock-downs single, number of double knock-downs double, number of effect reporters reporters and number of replicates replicates
maxTime	TRUE if the algorithms are bound to a maximum running time in respect to epiNEM
forcelogic	if TRUE the randomly sampled ground truth network includes a complex logic with probability 1
epinemsearch	greedy or exhaustive search for epiNEM
bnemsearch	genetic or greedy search for B-NEM
...	additional parameters

**Value**

returns list of specificity and sensitivity of inferred edges (spec, sens) and inferred expected data (spec2, sens2) and accuracy of logics (logics) and running time (time)

**Author(s)**

Martin Pirkl

**Examples**

```
res <- SimEpiNEM(runs = 1)
```

---

wageningen_GO	<i>graph-based GO similarity scores, string GO annotations for van Wageningen et al., 2015 data</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

The data consists of lists including epiNEM identified and general similarity scores and GO annotations for each triple. For details see the vignette.

**Examples**

```
data(wageningen_GO)
```

---

wageningen_string	<i>sig. of string interaction scores for van Wageningen et al., 2010 data</i>
-------------------	---

---

### Description

The data consists of a list including a vectors of pairs (for interactions) and a corresponding list of interaction scores derived from the string database. For details see the vignette.

### Examples

```
data(wageningen_string)
```

---

wagscreen	<i>Example data: epiNEM results for the Wageningen et al., 2010 knock-out screen "http://www.holstegelab.nl/publications/GSTF_geneticinteractions/downloads/del_mutants_limma.txt"</i>
-----------	--

---

### Description

The data consists of a list of matrices with the likelihoods (ll) for each analysed triple of signalling genes and the inferred logic (logic) for each triple. The signalling genes or modulators C are the rows and the signalling genes from the double knock-downs are in the columns. For details see the vignette.

### Examples

```
data(wagscreen)
```



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